ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5

Financial Statements as of December 31, 2012 and for the Year then Ended and Independent Auditors' Report

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Release Date NOV 0 6 2013

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5

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Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5 Covington, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's control Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of compensation paid to the Board of commissioners on pages 3 through 7 and 23 and 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2013 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Silva Gurtner & Abney, UC

May 30, 2013

As management of the St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended December 31, 2012 We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which can be found on pages 8 through 13 of this report

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is a required element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board in their Statement No 34. Its purpose is to provide an overview of the financial activities of the St. Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5 (the District) based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. Please read it in conjunction with the District' financial statements, which begin on page 8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of this amount, \$202,889 was restricted for capital outlay for drainage projects, and \$454,178 was reserved for bond retirement.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The basic financial statements include government-wide and government fund statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business

The government-wide Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Activities presents information for all the activities of the District's office, from an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. This statement presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes)

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include general government (administration and District operations), public safety (drainage), and drainage related to highways and streets

The District is a component unit of the St. Tammany Parish Council. The accompanying financial statements only present information in the funds maintained by the District.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The primary difference between the government-wide statements and Governmental funds statements is that assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful life versus expensed in the Governmental funds statements and debt used in governmental activities are not financial uses and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental funds statements. The District has only governmental-type funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The District maintains three (3) different governmental funds: All funds are reported separately in the Governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds details the assets and liabilities of the governmental funds while the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position reflects the differences from the amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance reflects the current year receipt and disbursement of funds and the reconciliation statement reports the differences in the changes in fund balance to the change in net position of the Government activities.

The Reconciliation Statements (the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances) provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Because the focus of governmental funds is more narrow than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. In doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 13 of this report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 21 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the St. Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5's compliance with its adopted budget. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its funds, and a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for its general fund. The differences between the adopted budget and the actual activities are reflected in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General (Operating) Fund, which can be found on page 23 of this report

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of St. Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No. 5, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$808,982 at the close of the most recent fiscal period.

The District's investment in capital assets (debt) related to capital assets was \$84,720 over the cost of the capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. The District's capital assets as of December 31, 2012 consisted of land, land improvements and construction in progress. The component of net position restricted for capital drainage projects as of December 31, 2012 was \$202,889. Another \$454,178 of its net position was restricted for the retirement of bonds. The remaining \$67,195 had no restriction as of December 31, 2012.

The Governmental activities of the District increased due to the costs of construction, engineering, and permitting for drainage projects affecting the Covington Meadows area

The District's ad valorem millage rate remained at 2 mils, and, its sinking fund's net asset balance increased from \$377,601 as of December 31, 2011 to \$454,178 at December 31, 2012

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the funds maintained by the District as a whole begins on page 8 The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the funds maintained by the District as a whole and about its activities in a way which helps answer one of the most important questions asked about the District's finances "Is the District, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting used by most private sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash was received or paid

These two statements report the District's net position and the changes in it. This net position, the difference between the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, is one way to measure the District's financial position of financial health and over time, increases or decreases in net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating

We record the funds maintained by the District as governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

All of the expenditures paid from the funds maintained are reported here as governmental activities and consist primarily of fees paid, office expenses, construction contracts and the

purchase of marginal undeveloped land. Mandatory fees paid to the St. Tammany Parish by land developers finance the operating activities of the District. General obligation bonds finance the capital expenditures of the District. Property taxes collected within our district pay off the General Obligation Bonds.

Comparative Data - 2012 and 2011

Assets

<u>Cash on Hand:</u> For the year ended December 31, 2012, the District had \$383,171 in cash on hand compared to \$492,118 a year ago. At December 31, 2012, the District had \$208,679 in cash on hand for construction work and \$5,403 on hand for operating costs. It also had \$169,089 in escrow for bond retirement; cash on hand for payment of the obligation bonds increased \$59,505 during the year ended December 31, 2012.

<u>Capital Assets:</u> For the year ended December 31, 2012 the District had \$1,438,835 in capital assets, (land, land improvements and construction-in-progress), compared to \$1,387,183 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

· Liabilities and Deferred Inflows

<u>General Obligation Bonds:</u> For the year ended December 31, 2012 the District had \$1,330,000 in debt obligations, compared to \$1,495,000 for the year ended December 31, 2011. A total of \$170,000 is due within the next 12 months, and \$1,160,000 is due beyond the next 12 months.

<u>Current Operating Liabilities:</u> For the year ended December 31, 2012, the District had operating liabilities for bookkeeping and professional services, and operational engineering costs. The largest liability was for engineering costs. The nature of liabilities does not significantly change from year to year.

Net Position

The District had total Net Position of \$808,982 for the year ended December 31, 2012 compared to \$641,379 for the previous year. The debt related to the District's capital assets is discussed above (see Liabilities: General Obligations Bonds).

Program Revenues

<u>Drainage Study Reviews:</u> For a fee, the District's engineers perform limited drainage review services for developers' projects within the District's boundaries. The fee collected for the drainage reviews defrays the cost of the engineer's review and adds a minimal surcharge to defray the District's operational costs associated with providing the drainage reviews. In 2012, the District performed five reviews for \$6,400; in 2011, it performed one review for \$1,000.

<u>Interest</u>: Other revenue to the District consisted of interest earned by our cash accounts. Interest earned on the General Obligation Debt escrow account is used to retire those Bonds; interest earned on the construction account is used for capital outlay; and interest earned on the operating account is used for operations. There has been no significant change in the amount of interest earned from the prior year, 2011.

General Revenues

December 31, 2012

Ad Valorem Taxes The District received a total of \$296,876 in ad valorem taxes for the year ended December 31, 2012; compared to \$262,385 for 2011

Capital Expenditures

Expenditures for capital projects generally consist of engineering fees, wetland permitting fees, legal fees and capital outlays for drainage projects. The District completed the Covington Meadows drainage improvements project in 2012. Construction-in-progress was related to the Hoffman Road drainage project which also affects Walnut Street, Carmel Road, Third Street, and Second Street. Capital expenditures increased from 2011 by \$3,872.

GENERAL AND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Items that were budgeted for our General Fund included legal and professional fees, and some minor office type expenses and compensation to the Board Members Ad valorem tax revenues are budgeted on a cash basis

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The budget developed for next year is based on the money remaining for capital projects and the ability of the District's engineer to prepare construction plans and documents. Most of such projects are known. The District also expects to purchase more land for use as detention ponds. Some projects are subject to review by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. In an effort to reduce costs, the current Board of Commissioners was not compensated during 2012.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide all those with an interest in the District's finances a general overview for the funds maintained by the District and to show the accountability for the money the District receives Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to either

Mr Robert Bergeron, Chairman, or Mr Majure B Savell, Secretary/Treasurer St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5 c/o Martin W Gould, Jr P O Box 628 Covington, LA 70434

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 383,171
Due from other governmental agencies, net	285,089
Total current assets	674,260
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
Land and contruction in progress	618,566
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	820,269
Total non-current assets	1,438,835
TOTAL ASSETS	2,113,095
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Debt service costs, net of accumulated amortization	50,002
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts and retainage payable	6,693
Accrued interest	17,423
Due within one year	170,000
Total current liabilities	194,116
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Due in more than one year	1,160,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,354,116
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	91,412
Restricted - capital projects	202,889
Restricted - debt service	454,178
Unrestricted	60,502
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 808,982

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

			Chr	arges For	Re	(Expenses) venues and hanges in	
	E	xpenses		ervices	Net Position		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Drainage	\$	88,696	\$	12,400	\$	(76,296)	
Interest and fiscal charges		53,350				(53,350)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		142,046	\$	12,400		(129,646)	
GENERAL REVENUES							
Ad valorem tax						296,876	
Interest income						373	
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES						<u>297,</u> 249	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						167,603	
NET POSITION - Beginning of year						641,379	
NET POSITION - End of year					<u>\$</u>	808,982	

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,403	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,403
Restricted cash		_		169,089		208,679		377,768
Ad valorem taxes receivable		-		285,089		<u>-</u>		285,089
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$_	11,403	<u>\$</u>	454,178		208,679	<u> </u>	674,260
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES								
Accounts and retainage payable	\$	903	\$	-	_\$_	5,790	<u>\$</u>	6,693
TOTAL LIABILITIES		903		-		5,790		6,693
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		202,889		202,889
Restricted for debt service		-		454,178		-		454,178
Unassigned		10,501				<u> </u>		10,501
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		10,501		454,178	_	202,889		667,568
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	11,403	\$	454,178	<u>\$</u>	208,679	<u>\$</u>	674,260

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 667,568
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore not reported in the funds		
Governmental capital assets	1,666,052	
Less accumulated depreciation	(227,217)	1,438,835
Other assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds		
Debt service costs	100,000	
Less accumulated amortization	(49,998)	50,002
Debt used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Debt related to capital assets		(1,330,000)
Accrued interest is not recorded in the governmental funds		(17,423)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 808,982

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		Debt General Service		Capital Projects		Total Governmenta Funds		
REVENUES								
Ad valorem tax	\$	-	\$	296,876	\$	-	\$	296,876
Interest and other income		12,419		213		142		12,773
Impact fee revenue					_			
Total revenues		12,419		297,088		142		309,649
EXPENDITURES								
General								
Compensation paid to board members		-		-		-		-
Engineering		3,860		-		-		3,860
Legal and professional		15,859		-		-		15,859
Miscellaneous expenses		150		-		-		150
Office expenditures		544		-		-		544
Debt service								
Principal		-		165,000		-		165,000
Interest and fiscal charge		-		55,511		-		55,511
Capital outlay		 -				111,603	_	111,603
Total expenditures		20,413	_	220,511		111,603	_	352,527
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(7,994)		76,577		(111,461)		(42,878)
INTERFUND TRANSFERS		3,500				(3,500)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(4,494)		76,577		(114,961)		(42,878)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year		14,995	_	377,601		317,850		710,446
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$</u>	10,501	<u>\$</u>	454,178	<u>\$</u>	202,889	<u>\$</u>	667,568

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (42,878)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures The entity is acquiring land which is not depreciable and land improvements which are depreciable This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital	
outlays in the current period	51,651
Governmental funds report principal portion of debt as expenditures In the statement of activities, the principal portion of debt payment reduces the debt	165,000
Governmental funds report debt service charges as expenditures In the statement of activities, the debt service charges are capitalized and amortized over the life of the debt. This is the amount of amortization expense recognized in the statement of activities	(8,333)
Governmental funds report all interest as an expenditure in the period paid, without regard to when the interest was incurred. In the statement of activities, the change in interest payable is recorded as an expenditure in the period.	. ,
incurred	 2,163
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 167,603

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5 (the District) was created for the purpose of creating and maintaining drainage of the area within its boundaries in Western St Tammany Parish (the Parish) The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to government entities. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

Reporting Entity – The St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5 was established by Louisiana Revised Statutes 38 1606 and Police Jury Ordinance PSS No 93-1792 on July 15, 1993 The District is governed by a Board of Commissioners, which is appointed by the St Tammany Parish Council (the Parish Council) The District consists of five commissioners who serve four-year terms

As the governing authority of the Parish, for financial reporting purposes, the St Tammany Parish Council is the financial reporting entity for St Tammany Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (Parish Council) (b) organizations for which the primary governments are financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the St Tammany Parish Council for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit with the reporting entity is financial accountability.

The Parish Council approves/appoints the members of the District's Board of Commissioners The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District and do not present information on the Parish Council, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The District does not allocate indirect costs

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds

Fund Financial Statements – The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are classified as governmental. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or its total assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds

- General Fund This fund is the primary operating fund of the District It accounts for all the financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in other funds
- Debt Service Fund This fund accounts for transactions relating to resources retained and used for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations
- Capital Projects Fund This fund accounts for financial resources received and used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital facilities not reported in other governmental funds

Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting – The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to the government-wide financial statements

The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues available if they are

collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt, which are recognized when due, and other claims, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income and changes in net position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting – The District adopts an annual budget for the general fund as well as its other two funds. The budget is legally adopted and amended as necessary by the District. The general fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments – Cash includes amounts in interest-bearing demand deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the municipality may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the District may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days, however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. Investments are stated at market value

Capital Assets – General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the capital projects fund. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical costs where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets, if any, are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets greater than \$25,000 and with a useful life greater than one year are capitalized. Land improvements are depreciated using the straightline method over 25 years.

Pension Plan and Compensated Absences – There are no employees of the District Accordingly, the District does not contribute to a pension plan and has no formal vacation and sick leave policy

Long-Term Obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities' statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates

Fund Balance – On January 1, 2011, the District adopted GASB Statement No 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which changed the reporting of fund balance in the balance sheets of governmental type funds. In fund financials, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spend. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned

- Nonspendable This component consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact
- Restricted This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either
 externally by third-parties (bond creditors) or by law through constitutional provisions or
 enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the District to assess or otherwise mandate
 payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable
 requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific
 purposes stipulated in the legislation.
- Committed –This component consists of the amounts that can only be used for specific purposes
 pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board Those committed
 amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the
 specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed previously
 to commit those amounts
- Assigned This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed
- Unassigned This component consists of amounts that have not been restricted, committed or
 assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. When both restricted and unrestricted
 resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then
 unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use

The District has no nonspendable, committed, or assigned fund balances as of December 31, 2012

Net Position – On January 1, 2012, the District adopted GASB Statement No 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which provided financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. State and local governments enter into transactions that result in the consumption or acquisition of net assets in one period that are applicable to future periods. GASB Statement No 63 requires that deferred outflows of resources should be reported in a statement of net position in a separate section following assets and deferred inflows of resources should be reported in a separate section following liabilities.

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position should be displayed in three components - invested in capital assets, net of related debt consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt proceeds used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets; restricted distinguishing between major categories of restrictions and consisting of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets, and unrestricted consisting of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of invested in capital assets, net of related debt or the restricted component of net position

NOTE B - AD VALOREM TAXES

Ad valorem taxes are levied each November and billed in December. These taxes are due in January of the following year. Any unpaid taxes are collected in connection with an auction held in May. The Sheriff's department bills and collects the District's ad valorem taxes. Ad valorem taxes are levied based on property values determined by the St. Tammany Parish Assessor. All land and residential improvements are assessed at ten percent of its fair market value, and other property at fifteen percent of its fair market value.

The District's ad valorem tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are determined to be currently collectible

The District is authorized to levy an ad valorem tax of 2 00 mills, commencing in 2011 and ending in the year 2019. The tax is to be used for the purpose of engineering, constructing, improving and maintaining gravity drainage within its boundaries within St. Tammany Parish and repayment of required bond amounts.

Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables – The District's primary revenue source, ad valorem taxes, becomes delinquent if not paid by March 1 following the year of assessment. Unpaid taxes attach as an enforceable lien of property. The Board of Commissioners determined, based on research of historical information, that current collections at year end December 31, 2012 are approximately 92 0% of the tax levy. At December 31, 2012, the amounts of estimated uncollectible receivables was \$21,992.

NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents (book balances) at December 31, 2012 of \$383,171 consisted of interest-bearing demand deposits. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances of \$383,239) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties

Custodial Credit Risk — Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2012, deposits were entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by a mutually acceptable third party financial institution in the District's name, which is considered an investment credit risk as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

NOTE D – CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS

The District, pursuant to an election and authority granted by the State Bond Commission, was authorized to levy a tax of 2 00 mills for the period from 2011 through 2019. In November 2006, the District authorized the issuance of \$1,860,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding \$1,760,000 of the District's outstanding Series 1999 General Obligation Bonds. The additional \$100,000 of indebtedness was for the payment of bond issuance costs, which was capitalized on the statement of net position, and amortized over the life of the new bonds beginning in 2007. These bond certificates mature on March 19, 2019 and bear interest at 3 93%.

The long-term debt outstanding as of December 31, 2012 for these bonds was \$1,160,000, and the current portion was \$170,000 For the year ended December 31, 2012, \$8,333 of bond issuance cost was amortized

The following is a summary of the Series 2006 certificates of indebtedness transactions of the District for the year ended December 31, 2012

Balance at January 1, 2012 Certificate issued		\$ 1,495,000 -
Principal payments		(165,000)
Balance at December 31, 2012		\$ 1,330,000
Year Ending		
December 31,	Principal Due	Interest Due
2013	170,000	48,929
2014	175,000	42,149
2015	185,000	35,075
2016	190,000	27,707
2017	195,000	20,142
2018-2019	415,000	16,605
Total	\$ 1,330,000	\$ 190,607

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

The District purchases land for detention ponds and improves the property to aid in its drainage projects. During the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the District incurred \$65,700 in land improvements for drainage projects. Additionally, the Covington Meadows Project was completed as of December 31, 2012. Therefore, all costs associated with this project were removed from construction in progress and included with land improvements for the year ended December 31, 2012.

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	541.070	æ		ď		\$	541.070	
Land Construction in progress	2	541,070 31,592	\$	50,104	\$	(4,200)	Ф	541,070 77,496	
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated		572,662		50,104		(4,200)		618,566	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Land improvements		981,786		65,700		-		1,047,486	
Less accumulated depreciation		(167,265)		(59,952)		•		(227,217)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		814,521		5,748				820,269	
Total capital assets, net	\$_	1,387,183		55,852	<u>\$</u>	(4,200)	<u>\$</u>	1,438,835	

NOTE F - CONCENTRATION OF REVENUES

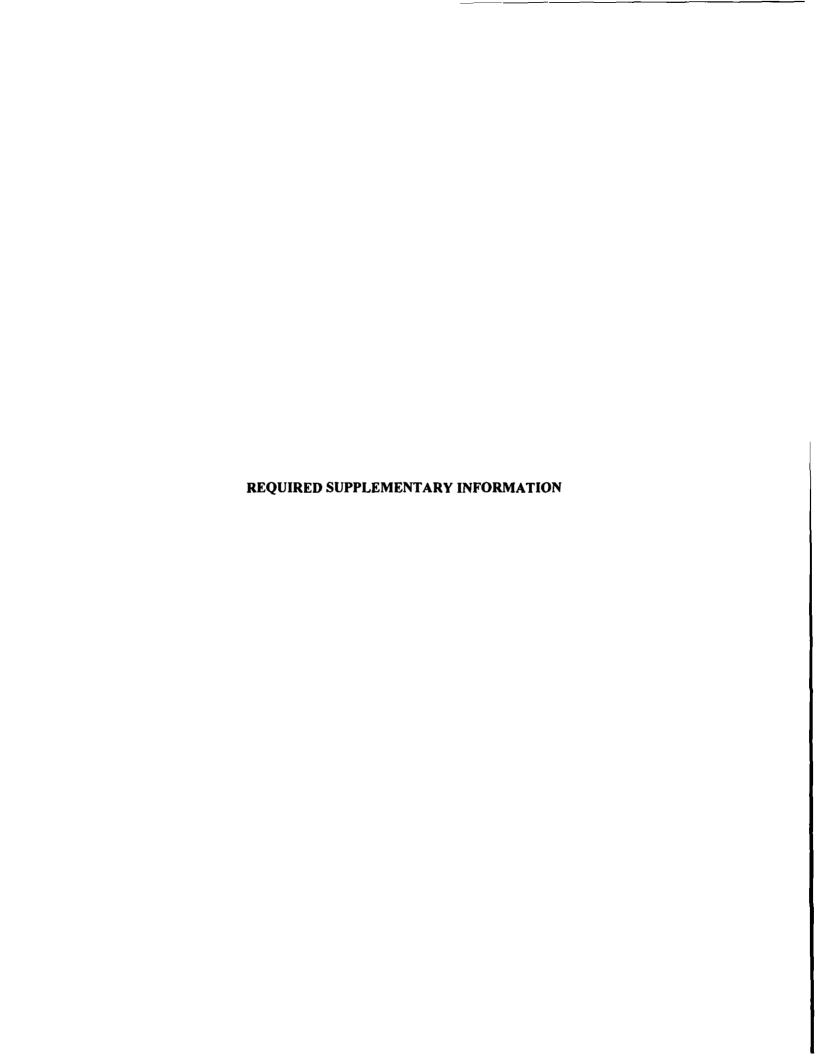
Of the District's revenues, \$296,876 (99%), is obtained through a single source, ad valorem tax, for the year ended December 31, 2012

NOTE G - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As per Louisiana Revised Statute 33 405(G), commissioners are entitled to receive \$30 for each board meeting attended, up to two meetings per month. The secretary/treasurer is entitled to receive \$50 per each board meeting attended, up to two meetings per month. For the year ended December 31, 2012, Board members elected not to receive any payments for attendance at meetings.

NOTE H – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, May 30, 2013, and determined that no events occurred that require disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.



ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		Variance				
	Original Amended		Original Amended			Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
D D J D J J D J D J D J D J D J D J D J						
REVENUES						
Interest and other income	\$ 13,100	12,415	\$ 12,419	\$ 4		
Total revenues	13,100	12,415	12,419	4		
EXPENDITURES						
Compensation paid to board members	500	0 -	-	-		
Engineering	3,000	3,875	3,860	15		
Legal and professional	6,200	15,860	15,859	1		
Miscellaneous expenses	500	150	150	-		
Office expenditures	800	550	544	6		
Total expenditures	11,000	20,435	20,413	22		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	2,100	(8,020)	(7,994)	26		
INTERFUND TRANSFERS	<u>-</u>	3,500	3,500			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		n ø /4 540\	6 (4 40 A)			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER SOURCES	\$ 2,100	\$ (4,520)	\$ (4,494)	\$ 26		

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

0216 Carmel Road, Mandeville, LA 70471 Martin W. Gould, Jr., Vice Chairman 00 Buckthorn Circle, Covington, LA 70433 Majure B. Savell, Treasurer 04 Diana Court, Covington, LA 70433 Thomas J. Laizer, Commissioner	 Amount	
Robert P. Bergeron, Chairman	\$ -0-	
70216 Carmel Road, Mandeville, LA 70471		
Martin W. Gould, Jr., Vice Chairman	\$ -0-	
300 Buckthorn Circle, Covington, LA 70433		
Majure B. Savell, Treasurer	\$ -0-	
104 Diana Court, Covington, LA 70433		
Thomas J. Laizer, Commissioner	\$ -0-	
21180 Soell Drive, Abita Springs, LA 70420		
Peter E. Persson, Commissioner	\$ -0-	
57 Walnut Place, Covington, LA 70433		



≟ Silva Gurtner & Abney

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners
St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5
Covington, LA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2013

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of St. Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5's internal control

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether St Tammany Parish Gravity Drainage District No 5's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24 513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Silva Gurtner & Abney, UC

May 30, 2013

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

SECTION I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued	Unqualified					
Internal control over financial reporting						
Material weaknesses identified?	yes	Х	no			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be						
material weaknesses?	1/00	v				
material weaknesses?	yes	X	- ^{no}			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X	_ no			
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs						
Material weaknesses identified?		N/A				
Significiant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknessses?						
		N/A	-			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in	accordance					
with Circular A-133, Section 510(a)?		<u>N/A</u>	_			
Identification of major programs		N/A	_			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type I	3 programs	N/A				
Some and some about to anoming anomic common approximate approximate approximate and approximate appro	s programs		-			
Auditee qualified as low-risk audit?		N/A	- -			
SECTION II - Financial Statement Findings						
None noted						
SECTION III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Co	osts					
Not applicable						

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GRAVITY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 5 SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None noted

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable